

臺北市立大學

103 學年度研究所碩士班入學考試試題

班 別：共同科目

科 目：語文（英文）

不得使用計算機
或任何儀具。

考試時間：90 分鐘（含國文答題時間）【10：30—12：00】

總 分：100 分（國文 50 分、英文 50 分）

※注意：不必抄題，作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在答卷上；限用藍色或黑色筆作答，使用其他顏色或鉛筆作答者，所考科目以零分計算。（於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。）

I . Vocabulary (10%)

For each item, choose one word that can best complete each sentence.

1. The economy's _____. Lots of new businesses are starting up and plenty of new jobs are being created.
(A) booming (B) blooming (C) belonging (D) bombing
2. _____ has really shot up over the last year or so. Everything's suddenly much more expensive.
(A) Infantry (B) Infinity (C) Inflation (D) Integration
3. The guards of the Chiang Kai-Shek Memorial Hall ____ the day shift on a one-hour basis.
(A) relieve (B) revere (C) route (D) rotate
4. Chicken is a bit tasteless if you don't put in lots of _____ – my favorite is rosemary.
(A) bushes (B) weeds (C) seeds (D) herbs

5. We live in a block of _____ apartments and the view from our living room is stunning.
(A) deprived (B) high-rise (C) residential (D) rough
6. The course is not restricted to those who are enrolled in this university; it is available to anyone, _____ of age, sex, and nationality.
(A) sure (B) for fear (C) capable (D) regardless
7. Jason finally decided to express his love for Jenny who he had had a secret _____ on for a long time.
(A) contract (B) crush (C) crack (D) captain
8. The superstar was so popular that he decided to hold a concert in a gym _____ more than 100,000.
(A) communicating (B) accommodating
(C) accumulating (D) annihilating
9. As some minor earthquake kept striking Taiwan recently, the authorities started to think seriously about the _____ steps to take.
(A) submarine (B) submissive
(C) subsequent (D) stubborn
10. Money is not the only means to make _____ for those who suffered unbearable hardships during the war. The victims deserved an official apology from those invaders.
(A) contemplation (B) unification
(C) surveillance (D) compensation

II. Grammar (10%)

Choose the most suitable answer to complete the meaning and meet the grammatical need of each sentence.

11. That church, _____ escaped being destroyed in the civil war, is the oldest building in the city.
- (A) by which (B) where
(C) most of which (D) that
12. ____ is necessary for the development of strong bones and teeth.
- (A) It is calcium (B) That calcium
(C) Although calcium (D) Calcium
13. I did like them, but I've lost interest in them a bit. I don't like them _____.
- (A) as much as I used (B) as much as I used to
(C) as a rule (D) once in a while
14. Generally speaking, the poorer the country, the _____ infrastructure it has.
- (A) less (B) fewer (C) more (D) stronger
15. ____ arriving at the World Trade Center, the singer was greeted by a large group of about 1,000 people. He smiled and addressed the people.
- (A) In (B) On (C) For (D) During
16. Annie thinks her dress is a little too long, so she plans to get it _____.
- (A) shortened (B) be shortened
(C) shorten (D) to have shortened
17. Mr. Mason was willing to do anything for his beloved wife with an eye to _____ his gratitude for whatever she had done for their family.
- (A) showing (B) show
(C) have shown (D) be shown

18. He is such a decent young man that I have never heard him _____ ill of others behind their back.
(A) telling (B) tell (C) say (D) speaking
19. With _____ to professional knowledge and experience, he is superior _____ anyone other applicants.
(A) regardingto (B) regard than
(C) regard to (D) regards than
20. _____ his physical inconveniences, Mr. Taylor insisted on going to the conference by himself, demonstrating his independence.
(A) Despite (B) In spite
(C) Unless (D) On account of

III. Reading Comprehension (20%)

Cloze Test

Questions 21-25

In recent years, Chinese films have had growing success in 21 markets, and, in 2000, the film *Crouching Tiger, Hidden Dragon* achieved immense success worldwide. In Europe and the United States, where many people had never seen a *wuxia* movie, the film presented viewers with a fascinating and 22 fantasy, of a kind they may never have experienced before. *Wuxia* stories are usually set in China's distant past. In these stories, fighting always occurs using *wushu* techniques — the many amazing fighting styles developed in China's long history. *Wuxia* stories are sometimes compared to the folk tales of England, 23 Robin Hood, as both are popular stories of heroes fighting for honor and justice.

The 24 of a *wuxia* story might begin with a young man suffering a tragedy of some kind. He then goes through a very difficult period of learning *wushu* techniques, until he becomes a great hero and uses his skills to fight evil. Another common type of story 25 a great hero and his enemy. The hero slowly learns of the evil intentions of his enemy and in the end the two confront each other.

21. (A) job (B) local (C) overseas (D) stock
22. (A) excruciating (B) exotic
(C) expensive (D) executive
23. (A) for example (B) on one hand
(C) regardless of (D) by contrast
24. (A) plot (B) respect (C) touch (D) view
25. (A) excludes (B) imports (C) involves (D) examines

Choose the best answer to each question.

Questions 26-30

The chief topics of discussion one midsummer afternoon in a conference room at the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) are ground beef, eggs, salad, a kind of nut called an almond, and a green plant called cilantro used to flavor dishes. This is not a conversation about the lunch menu, but a review of nationwide occurrences of disease caused by food. At the table are 26 epidemiologists---medical detectives charged with investigating the mysterious links between contaminated foods and the illnesses they trigger.

The stories are not those you might expect to hear, of people getting sick from drinking raw milk or eating food left too long in the

hot sun at a picnic. Instead, they are accounts of people made sick by eating ordinary fruits and vegetables such as oranges and tomatoes, or from consuming carefully-prepared foods such as salads, hamburgers, and chicken dishes. The problem foods were served in kitchens, restaurants and nursing homes, and at churches, temples, family gatherings and child-care centers. They were distributed to many towns, in many states nationwide.

Now food experts agree that even a perfect egg may not be safe. It may contain *Salmonella enteritidis* which can cause fever and serious stomach problems, even a life-threatening infection. It can originate from the chicken itself, infecting her eggs before the shells are formed. It is now compulsory that all eggs sold in the U.S. carry a safe-handling label telling people to keep them in the refrigerator, and to cook all foods containing eggs thoroughly before eating them to diminish the risks of falling ill.

26. The story is mainly about ____.
- (A) the CDC and how it does its job
 - (B) pests that threaten our food
 - (C) compulsory labeling of food products
 - (D) threats to the safety of our food
27. In paragraph 1 sentence 3, another way to say *charged with investigating* is ____.
- (A) worried about investigating
 - (B) who pay people to investigate
 - (C) whose job it is to investigate
 - (D) excited about investigating

28. What is the main idea of paragraph 2?
- (A) Many people get sick from drinking raw milk.
 - (B) Contaminated foods are found in a wide variety of places.
 - (C) Carefully-prepared foods are generally found to be safe.
 - (D) Fruits and vegetables can be contaminated.
29. In the last sentence of paragraph 2, the word *they* refer to ____.
- (A) ordinary fruits and vegetables
 - (B) carefully-prepared foods
 - (C) problem foods
 - (D) stories
30. Which statement is true?
- (A) Eggs are safe to eat when thoroughly cooked.
 - (B) All eggs are dangerous to eat.
 - (C) Eggs are safe to eat if they aren't cracked.
 - (D) Contaminated eggs can't kill a person.

IV. Translation (from Chinese to English) (10%)

越來越多的人使用智慧型手機，使用有效率的應用程式，減少文書工作並節省時間。而且，從音樂、照片到電影，智慧型手機提供豐富的多媒體功能。然而，持續不斷的資訊流動造成干擾可能也是智慧型手機的一項缺點。雖然智慧型手機可以提高生產效率，使用者往往很難在工作與生活之間取得平衡。